Cosmo Oil Co., Ltd. Presentation on Results for Second Quarter of Fiscal 2014

November 6, 2014



Review of each segment

- ✓ Safe operations and stable supply in line with the operating plan which is based on Cosmo's supply capacity and optimal sales channel
- ✓ Adjusted market conditions for oil products based on improved supply / demand balance, while continued harsh conditions for the retail market
- Operational adjustment was made in petrochemicals due to weakened market conditions
- Recovered production volume in the E&P business, along with enhanced strategic alliance with CEPSA
- Consolidated ordinary income increased by 3.0 billion yen YoY to 15.0 billion yen excluding impact of inventory valuation

<Topics>

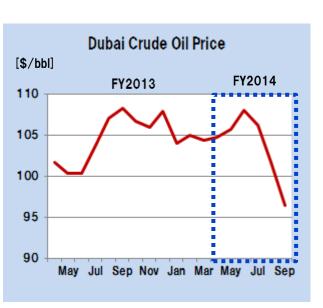
Further enhance alliances with strategic partner CEPSA & improve balance sheet

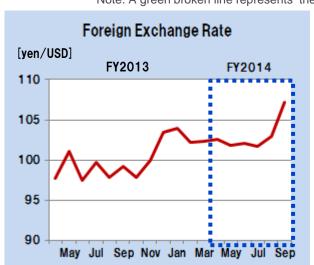
- To further enhance our key strategy of "Further strengthen alliances with IPIC", Cosmo and CEPSA aim to reinforce and expand the strategic partnership by forming a capital alliance in Cosmo Abu Dhabi Energy Exploration & Production Co., Ltd
- Cosmo and CEPSA, with support of common shareholder IPIC, have launched an working group together with the Abu Dhabi National Oil Company to identify new E&P business opportunities

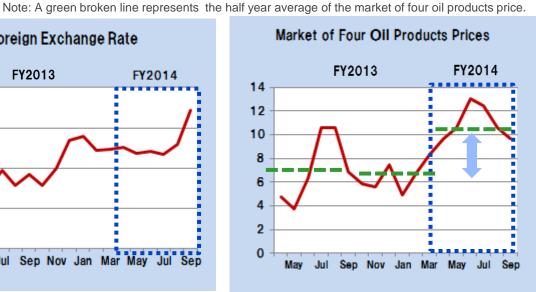
Cash proceeds to improve Cosmo's balance sheet

COSMO OIL CO., LTD. http://www.cosmo-oil.co.ip

- Crude oil prices: Declining trend continued as investment funds flocked to safe-haven assets, including US Treasuries, as eyes are on easing energy supply and demand conditions as seen in the flood of supply due to the shale gas revolution in the US and the economic slump in Europe.
- Foreign exchange rate: The dollar trended higher on a possible widening gap between US and Japanese interest rates amid concerns of higher interest rates in the US resulting from an economic recovery.
- Product market: The domestic oil products market continued to effectively reflect supply and demand conditions, even though the environment remained uncertain as crude oil prices and foreign exchange rates fluctuated greatly.







* Spot price: nationwide customs clearance crude oil (CIF)



			Unit: billion yen	
	FY2014 (AprSep.2014)	FY2013 (AprSep.2013)	Changes	
Net sales	1,552.5	1,653.5	-101.0	
Cost of sales	1,476.6	1,577.2	-100.6	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	63.2	60.6	2.6	Decline in equity profitImpact of foreign
Operating income	12.7	15.7	-3.0	exchange losses
Non-operating income/expenses, net	-7.8	2.7	-10.5	
Ordinary income	4.9	18.4	-13.5	
Extraordinary income/losses, net	-5.8	-0.2	-5.6	
Income taxes	12.0	14.7	-2.7	
Minority interests	2.4	2.3	0.1	
Net income	-15.3	1.2	-16.5	> Impact of inventory
Impact of inventory				valuation losses,
valuation	-10.1	6.4	-16.5	structural improvement expenses for businesses,
Ordinary income excluding impact of inventory valuation	15.0	12.0	3.0	etc.
Dubai crude oil price (USD/B)	103.7	103.5	0.2	
JPY/USD exchange rate (yen/USD)	103.0	99.0	4.1	

Unit: billion yen

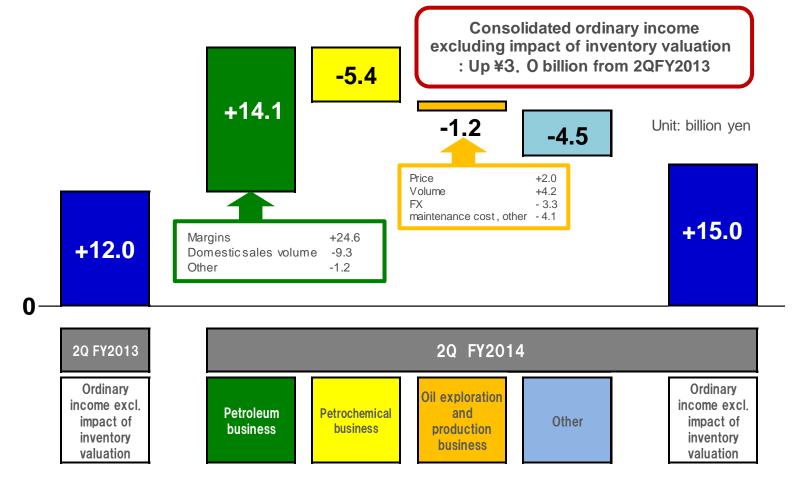
	FY2014 (AprSep.2014)	FY2013 (AprSep.2013)	Changes	(Reference info.) Changes from previous announcement
Ordinary income excluding impact of inventory valuation	15.0	12.0	3.0	3.0
Petroleum business	-2.9	-17.0	14.1	3.6
Petrochemical business	-2.8	2.6	-5.4	-2.8
Oil E & P business	21.6	22.8	-1.2	1.6
Other	-0.9	3.6	-4.5	0.6

*****including consolidated processing

Key Variable Factors

Petroleum Business Petrochemical Business Oil E & P Business

- : Higher profit due to improvement in oil product market conditions, safe operations at refineries
- : Lower profit due to a slump in petrochemical product market (Paraxylene) conditions.
- : Lower profit due to temporary increase in operational costs although trending toward recovery in production volume



Consolidated Cash Flows

Consolidated Balance Sheets

Unit: billion yen FY2013 Result Changes (As of Sep.30.'14) (As of Mar. 31,'14) **Total Assets** 1.668.8 1.696.8 -28.0-13.5247.6 261.1 Net assets 231.9 Net worth 217.3 -14.613.0% 13.7% Down 0.7 points Net worth ratio 18.6 882.3 863.7 Interest-bearing debts 52.9% 50.9% Debt dependence ratio Down 2.0 points 4.1 3.7 **Debt Equity Ratio** Down 0.4 points 738.7 15.4 723.3 Net interest-bearing debt * 44.3% 42.6% Debt dependence ratio Down 1.7 points 3.1 **Debt Equity Ratio** 3.4 Down 0.3 points

Capital Expenditures, Depreciation, etc.

Unit: billion yen

	2Q FY2014 Results	Change from 2Q FY2013
Capital expenditures	30.0	16.0
Depreciation expense amount,etc	16.0	-2.3

Capital Expenditures by Business Segment

Unit: billion yen

	2Q FY2014 Results	2Q FY2013 Results	Changes
Petroleum	13.9	12.0	1.9
Petrochemical	0.3	0.3	0.0
Oil E&P	9.8	3.7	6.1
Other	5.9	0.9	5.0
Adjustment	0.1	-2.9	3.0
Total	30.0	14	16.0

Forecast for FY 2014 Performance

- ✓ No revisions have been made to the full-year consolidated business outlook as earnings environment of the petroleum business has performed above expectations due to improved supply / demand balance, despite under uncertain external environment such as plunge in recent crude oil prices
- ✓ However, assumptions of the crude oil price and foreign exchange rate for 2H have been revised to the most recent 3-month moving average levels
- ✓ No impact of inventory valuation for 2H has been taken into account while only actual result for 1H has been reflected, given that assumptions of the crude oil price and foreign exchange rate for 2H are same as the level at the end of September
- ✓ Cosmo expects to record an extraordinary profit for FY2014, as a result of the transaction to sell part of Cosmo Abu Dhabi shares to CEPSA announced yesterday

[Reference Information]

	Results for the first half	Assumption for the second half	Assumption of FY2014 Outlook
Dubai crude oil price (USD/B)	104	95	99
JPY/USD exchange rate (yen/\$)	103	106	105

(Reference)				
2014FY Outlook	Changes from FY2014 Outlook			
104	-5			
102	3			

*Refer to page 29 for business sensitivity and assumptions

The 5th Consolidated Medium-Term Management Plan - Progress for 1H FY 2014 -

- Solidify basics for growth and establish a firm business foundation for the Group during the five years
- Aim to become a "vertically integrated global energy company" over the long term. and strengthen each business portfolio in pursuit of new growth, in addition to steady progress made in the areas set by four basic policies

Basic Policy

Regain profitability in the refining & marketing sector

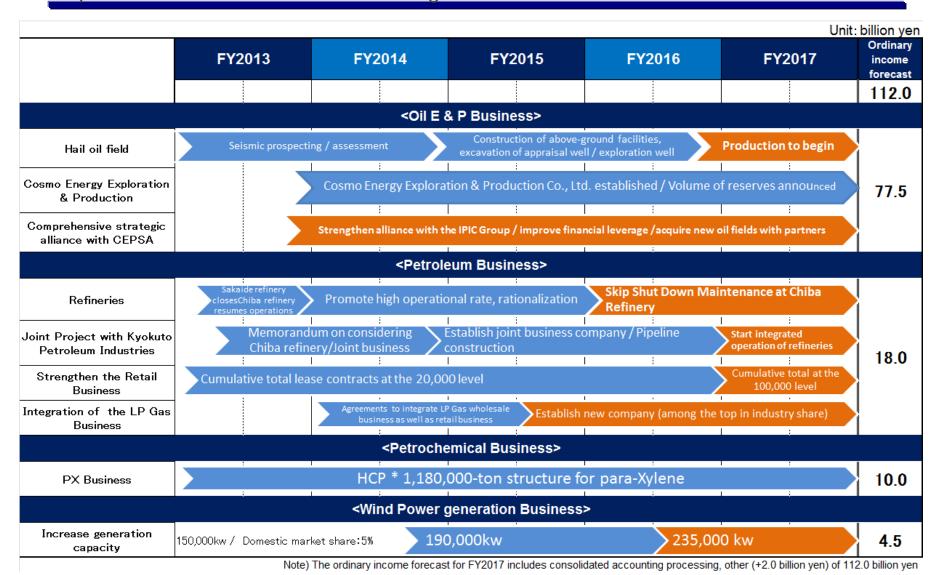
Secure stable income from investments made during the previous medium term management plan

Further strengthen alliances with IPIC and Hyundai Oilbank

Further enhance CSR management

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*IPIC = International Petroleum Investment Company (Principal shareholder; 20.7%)
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^{*}HDO = Hyundai Oilbank Co., Ltd.





- ✓ Realized low-risk, low-cost development based on a relationship of mutual trust with Middle Eastern oil-producing countries as an operator delivering long-term, stable production
- ✓ Obtained a 30-year extension in concession agreement for three oil fields with Abu Dhabi Oil in 2012 and secured the new Hail oil field, which is the same size as the three existing oil fields Steadily executing development plan toward start of production in FY2016

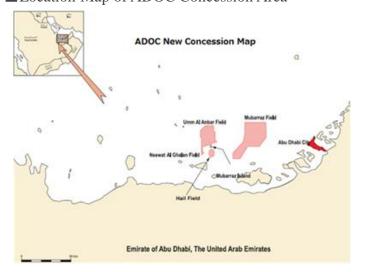
✓ Entered into a comprehensive business alliance with CEPSA as a strategic partner in January 2014 and aim at obtaining new oil fields, among other initiatives

FY2017 Ordinary income 77.5 billon yen

Location	Company Name	Investment Ratio	Establish- ment	Crude Production (BD)	Total Proved and Probable Reserves (mil BD)	Reserve Production Ratio (year)	Segment Ordinary Income (billion yen)
Cosm	o Energy E&P	100%	2014	36,842	205.9	approx. 30	58.1

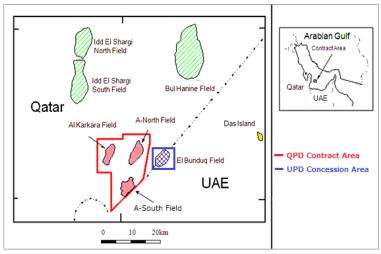
		ADOC	64%	1968
U.A.E	UPD	45%	1970	
	Qatar	QPD	75%	1997

Location Map of ADOC Concession Area



- *Production of Crude Oil, Ordinary income: Result of FY2013
- **Crude Reserves Estimate : Total of Proved Reserves and Probable Reserves (As of 31st, Dec 2013)

Location Map of QPD Contract and UPD Concession Area





<Growth strategy>

- > Aim at sustained expansion in production volume by exercising synergy with partner companies
- Concentrated investment on low-risk projects, centered on oil fields that have discovered already but yet to be developed

Production at Hail to begin toward expanded production volume + obtain new oil fields

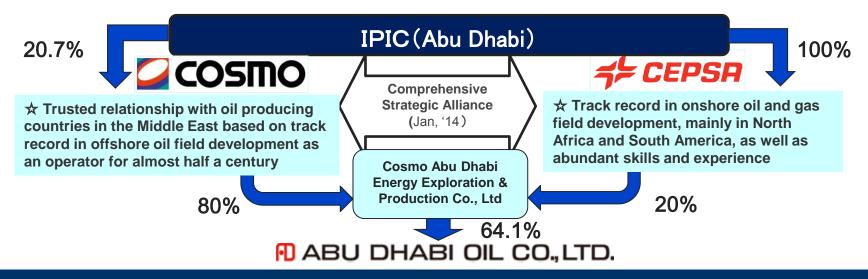
Track record of over 40 years of stable production (as an operator)

Solid trusting relationship with oil-producing countries

<Risk tolerance>

- ✓ Geopolitical risks
- ✓ Development risks
- √ Financial risks
- ✓ Price fluctuation risks
- ⇒ Operations in UAE, Qatar, where political conditions are relatively stable and where strong motivation to utilize foreign investments exists
- ⇒ Track record as an operator of stable operations of over 40 years and solid trusting relationship with oil-producing countries
- ⇒ Diversifying business portfolio, joint businesses with partners
- ⇒ Factors supporting crude oil prices exist (presence of shale oil, which involves high development costs, budget of oil-producing companies)

- ✓ Cosmo aims to reinforce and expand the strategic partnership with CEPSA by transferring part of shares of newly established upstream subsidiary "Cosmo Abu Dhabi Energy Exploration & Production" (20%, 24.6bn JPY*1) to CEPSA, which is in line with the "Further strengthen alliances with IPIC" policy stipulated as part of the 5th Consolidated Medium-Term Management Plan
- ✓ Cosmo and CEPSA, with support of common shareholder IPIC, have launched an working group together with the Abu Dhabi National Oil Company to identify new E&P business opportunities

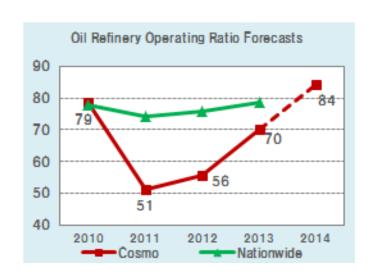


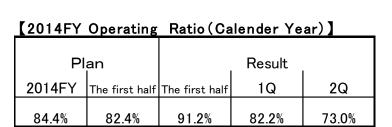
<Outline of the Transaction, the value of upstream business of Cosmo Oil Group>

- Cosmo Energy, which owns a 64.1% stake in Abu Dhabi Oil Co., Ltd. (ADOC), will transfer its ADOC shares into a newly established Cosmo Abu Dhabi.
- ADOC remains to be subsidiaries of Cosmo.
- Share Transfer Price : 24.6 billion yen*1) (USD 217 million*2)
- The transfer price implies a total value of Cosmo Abu Dhabi of 122.8 billion yen (USD 1,086 million*2)
- As a result of the transaction, Cosmo expects to record an extraordinary profit of 14.0 billion yen as a gain from sale of affiliate stock in its consolidated results for FY2014. The proceeds gained from the Transaction will be kept as retained earnings and mainly used for investments in growth opportunities.
 - *1) Estimated based on JPY/USD = 113
 - *2) Certain price adjustment assumed to be made to the transfer price upon closing

- Stable at operations in 1H FY2014 as per the initial plan, including regular repairs Chiba refinery
- ✓ Aim at obtaining plant certification for Chiba refinery during FY2015

FY2017 Ordinary income 18.0 billon yen





Yokkaichi Refinery 132,000 BD No.5 TP: 63,000 BD No.6 TP: 69,000 BD Sakai Refinery 100,000 BD Large city area **Chiba Refinery** 220,000 BD No.1 TP: 100,000BD No.2 TP: 120,000BD *Aim to establish a joint venture with Sakaide Refinery 140,000 BD Kyokuto Petroleum Industries, Ltd. Closed in July 2013 (152,000 BD) (in January 2015).

COSMO OIL CO., LTD.

- ✓ In June 2014, to execute a joint project, a memorandum of understanding was concluded toward concluding a basic contract by Dec. 2014
- ✓ Aiming to establish a joint venture company with a policy of equal and fair operations by January 2015, continue to discuss specific items including detailed design of a pipeline that connects the two companies

<Examples of synergy-based projects already implemented>

- ✓ Supply of semi-finished goods (heavy naphtha) with domestic vessels and improvement in ship allocation efficiency at the time of exporting goods
- ✓ Quality check in the event of directly exchanging finished or semi-finished products between the desulfurization unit and the RFCC

<Matters under consideration>

By Jan. 2015, establishing a limited liability company:

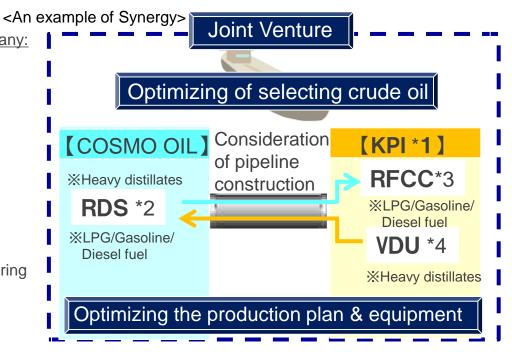
Aiming to operate equally/fairly

Pipeline to be completed in FY2016:

- Start detailed designing
- Assumes nine pipelines
- Assumes that the two companies each provide half the construction costs

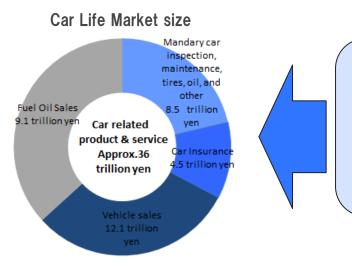
Integration of the two refineries:

- Integration of refinery equipment when the pipeline is completed
- To produce synergy from the integration, considering optimization of equipment including a review of CDU capacity
 - * 1)KPI=Kyokuto Petroleum Industries
 - * 2)RDS=Residue Hydrodesulfurization
 - * 3)RFCC=Residue Fluid Catalytic Cracker
 - * 4)VDU= Vacuum Distillation Unit



Producing synergy = Increasing competitiveness of refineries

Aim at strengthening SS profitability by converting to "car life value proposition" by positioning the individual leasing business at the core, by using infrastructure, such as card-holding members, two-way communi -cations using the Internet and alliances with businesses in other industries, as a platform.



■Cosmo Oil's auto leasing operations (Cosmo Smart B-cle)

- (1) Frequency of store visits (around twice/month)
- (2) Possible to capture demand for maintenance
- (3) Already obtained business patent
- (4) Clientele centers on women, seniors



Source: Created by the Company based on the September 2013 supplementary volume of the monthly issue Gasoline Stand



infrastructure

Cosmo the Card

- Number of members in force 4.18 million (as of the end of Sep. 2014)
- Tool to attract and retain customers

B-cle Life

Utilize

- Strategy that leverages SS strength (Online to Offline)
- *Mutual communication via the Internet

Alliance with another industry via Aeon Group

- Adoption of the WAON settlement service using e-money
- Send customers to each other with the Aeon Group
- Open an SS at Aeon Malls







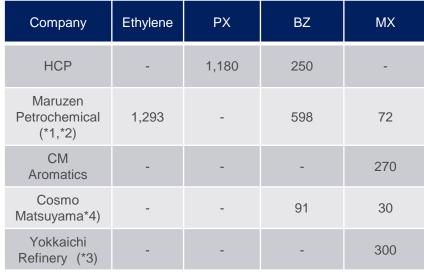
Break into the MX and PX businesses as measures in response to declining demand for gasoline in Japan, accelerating a shift toward the petrochemical business; a shift "from fuel to raw materials" will improve added values to increase earnings at the business.

FY2017 **Ordinary income** 10.0 billon yen

Capacity

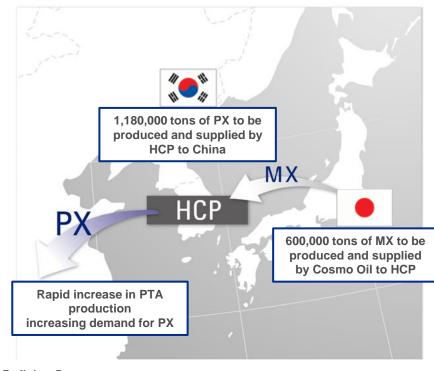
k ton/year

HCP's East Asia Trans-Border Business Model



HCP 50.0% (equity-method affiliate) Maruzen Petrochemical: 43.9% (equity-method affiliate) : 65.0% (consolidated subsidiary) **CM** Aromatics Cosmo Matsuyama Oil : 100.0% (consolidated subsidiary)

- *1) The ethylene production capacity of the Maruzen Petrochemical Co., Ltd. Group includes the capacity of Keiyo Ethylene Co., Ltd. (768,000 tons/year) in Maruzen Petrochemical Co., Ltd. Has a 55% of equity interest.
- *2) The ethylene production capacity shown in the table is that of non-shut down maintenance year.
- *3) Earnings from the MX production unit at the Yokkaichi Refinery are included in the petroleum business segment..



■ Para Xylene Refining Process



Current area of Focus

- ✓ Major improvement in the profitability of the wind power generation business as a result of the introduction of the Japan's feed-in tariff (FIT) scheme
- ✓ Profitability of the renewable energy business expands by pushing forward with development of new sites

FY2017 Ordinary income 4.5 billon yen

Wind power generation business begins (2010)

Purchased a wind power business at residual value (1 yen) from Ebara Corporation in March 2010. Turned into a profitable business by strengthening maintenance of existing sites.



Introduction of the feed-in tariff (FIT) scheme

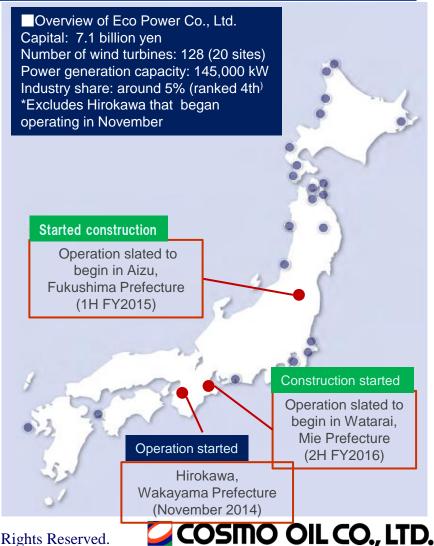
Business profitability improves with the implementation of an all-quantity buyback program program in July 2012. Profits stabilize as acquisition price for wind power generation at 22 yen/kwh (excluding taxes).



Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2013 - 2017)

In view of changes seen in the environment, aim to expand profitability of the wind power generation business and begin development of new sites.

Aim to expand business to <u>a total of around 90,000 kw</u> during the period covered by the Medium-Term Management Plan



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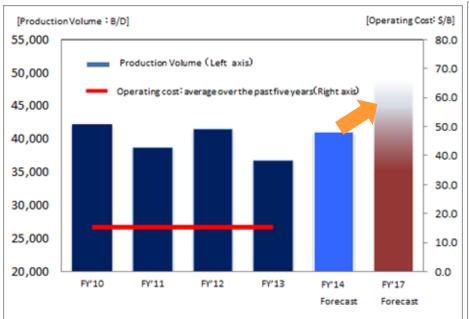
Supplementary information

p. 22 : [Oil E & P Business] - Production volume/operational costs and segment-based ordinary income p. 23 : [Oil E & P Business] – Transaction Structure p. 24 : [2Q FY2014 Results] Sales Volume p. 25 : [2Q FY2014 Results] Crude Oil Price and Processing Volume, CDU Operating Ratios, Crude Oil Production Volume : Crude Reserves Estimates (Proved and Probable) p. 26 [2Q FY2014 Results] Results by Business Segment-Changes from 2Q FY2013 p. 27 [2Q FY2014 Results] Historical Changes in the Number of Employees, Oil Storage Depots, SSs, p. 28 Cards in Force and B-cle Lease p. 29 : [FY2014 Outlook (announced on May13)] Forecast per business segment (compared with FY2013) as well as crude oil price and exchange rate assumptions and concomitant business sensitivity : Diesel Fuel Export Results and Margin Environment p. 30 : Petrochemical business - Market Condition of Aromatic-Products p. 31 : Integration of the LP Gas Wholesale Business p.32 p. 33 : Integration of the LP Gas Retail Business

- Production volume/operational costs and ordinary income -
- ✓ Planning on substantial expansion in production volume into the final year of the Medium-Term Management Plan by starting production at the new Hail oil field, bolstering portfolio that makes use of the Company's relationship with oil-producing countries
- Expand production and keep operational costs in check so that the business will continue to contribute to shoring up profits as the Company's pillar of stable income.

Cosmo Oil Group Production Volume and Operational Costs

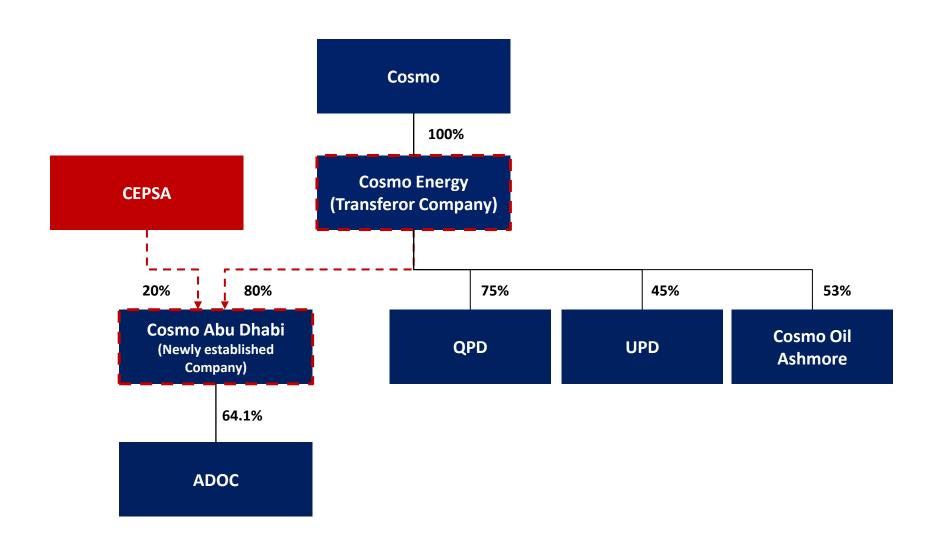
Oil E& P Segment Ordinary income





Note: Assumptions for the forecast for FY2017 ordinary income are \$100/barrel for Dubai crude oil price and 90 yen for the dollar for the exchange rate.





Unit: thousand KL

						Office	· Illousallu KL
		2Q FY2014 Results	2Q FY2013 Results	Changes	2Q FY2014 Result Changes from 2Q FY2013	FY2014 Forecast	FY2014 Full Year outlook changes from FY2013
Selling volume in Japan	n Gasoline	2,868	3,101	-233	92.5%	5,674	93.7%
	Kerosene	404	514	-110	78.6%	1,974	87.3%
	Diesel fuel	2,048	2,184	-136	93.8%	4,095	93.1%
	Heavy fuel oil A	672	805	-134	83.4%	1,584	85.7%
	Sub-Total	5,992	6,605	-612	90.7%	13,327	91.5%
	Naphtha	2,918	3,091	-173	94.4%	6,286	95.9%
	Jet fuel	229	219	10	104.6%	480	98.8%
	Heavy fuel oil C	725	968	-244	74.8%	1,566	76.8%
	inc. Heavy fuel oil C for electric	315	546	-231	57.7%	768	54.8%
	Total	9,863	10,883	-1,020	90.6%	21,659	91.6%
Middle distillate	Diesel fuel	349	761	-412	45.9%	1,074	93.8%
export volume	Kerosene/Jet	0	0	0	_	20	_
	Sub-Total	349	761	-412	45.9%	1,094	95.5%
Bond sales, etc.	Jet fuel	1,069	897	172	119.2%	2,035	109.1%
	Heavy fuel oil C	287	271	16	105.8%	537	95.8%
	Other	328	439	-111	74.8%	529	85.7%
	Sub-Total	1,684	1,607	77	104.8%	3,101	101.8%
Barter deal, etc.		4,433	4,641	-208	95.5%	9,382	92.9%
Total selling volume		16,330	17,892	-1,562	91.3%	35,236	92.9%



[1] Dubai Crude oil price,processing volume and CDU operating ratios						
		2Q FY2014	2Q FY2013	Changes from	2Q FY2013	
Dubai crude oil	price (USD/B)	103.7	103.5	0.2	-	
JPY/USD exch	ange rate (yen/\$)	103.0	99.0	4.0	ı	
	Refined crude oil volume (1,000 KL)	10,805	11,155	-350	96.9%	
Crude oil refining	CDU operating ratio (Calendar Day)	82.2%	65.2%	17.0%	_	
	CDU operating ratio (Streaming Day) *	90.3%	80.4%	9.9%	-	

^{*}Streaming day indicates operating ratio excluding the impact of suspended operations due to regular repairs and maintenance, etc.

[2] Crude oil production volume				
	2Q FY2014	2Q FY2013	Changes from	2Q FY2013
Cosmo Energy Exploration & Production Co., Ltd. (B/D)	37,332	36,297	1035	102.9%

^{*1)} The Cosmo Oil Group has a 64.1% stake in Abu Dhabi Oil Co., Ltd., a 75.0% stake in Qatar Petroleum Development Co., Ltd. And a 45.0% stake in United Petroleum Development Co., Ltd.

^{*2)} The production volume represents the total production volumes of the three major developers: Abu Dhabi Oil, Qatar Petroleum Development and United Petroleum Development.

^{*3)}The production period has calculated in the January-June, because that the three major developers of the accounting period is December.

(As of Dec. 31, 2013)

Crude Reserves Estimate (working interest base)	(*1)	(NO 01 BOO. 01; 2010)
	mmbls	
1)Proved Reserves (*2)	107.0	
②Probable Reserves (*3)	98.9	Note: The reserves include reserves
③Total Proved and Probable Reserves (①+②)	205.9	of new concession area, Hail field.
(Ref.: Reserves to Production Ratio of Total Proved and Probable Reserves)	about 30 years	Note: The daily average crude production based on working interest reached 19 thousands bopd for FY2013.

(*1) About results of reserves estimate

The assessment of ADOC reserves which deemed to have significant impact on Cosmo's future profitability was carried out in an independent assessment by Gaffney, Cline & Associate (hereinafter, "GCA"), a leading global independent reserve auditor. Their assessment confirmed Cosmo affiliates' internal assessment of remaining reserves. The assessment was carried out in accordance with the 2007 "Petroleum Resources Management System (PRMS)" prepared by the Oil and Gas Reserves Committee of the "Society of Petroleum Engineers" (SPE), and reviewed and jointly sponsored by the "World Petroleum Congress" (WPC), the "American Association of Petroleum Geologists" (AAPG) and the Society of Petroleum Evaluation Engineers (SPEE). The assessment of QPD and UPD reserves were carried out in these companies respectively. These assessments of the reserves do not guarantee the reserves and production from them.

(*2) Proved Reserves

Proved Reserves are those quantities of petroleum, which by analysis of geoscience and engineering data, can be estimated with reasonable certainty to be commercially recoverable, from a given date forward, from known reservoirs and under defined economic conditions, operating methods, and government regulations. When probabilistic methods are used, there should be at least a 90% probability that the actual quantities recovered will equal or exceed the 1P estimate. (Definition of SPE PRMS 2007 March)

(*3) Probable Reserves

Probable Reserves are those additional Reserves which analysis of geoscience and engineering data indicate are less likely to be recovered than Proved Reserves but more certain to be recovered than Possible Reserves. When probabilistic methods are used, there should be at least a 50% probability that the actual quantities recovered will equal or exceed the 2P estimate. (Definition of SPE PRMS 2007 March)

2Q FY2014 Results - Changes from 2Q FY2013

	Net Sales		Operatin	Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Ordinary Income (excluding impact of inventory valuation , cost or market method)	
		Changes from 2Q FY2013		Changes from 2Q FY2013		Changes from 2Q FY2013		Changes from 2Q FY2013	
Petroleum business	1542.8	-82.3	-6.8	-0.5	-13.0	-2.4	-2.9	14.1	
Petrochemical business	25.7	10.8	-0.3	-1.0	-2.8	-5.4	-2.8	-5.4	
Oil E&P business	39.3	7.3	21.0	2.7	21.6	-1.2	21.6	-1.2	
Other business	32.0	-1.4	0.5	-1.2	0.9	-1.5	0.9	-1.5	
adjustment	-87.3	-35.4	-1.7	-3.0	-1.8	-3.0	-1.8	-3.0	
Total	1552.5	-101.0	12.7	-3.0	4.9	-13.5	15.0	3.0	

Cosmo Group of Companies (by Segment)

Petroleum business	Cosmo Oil Co., Ltd., Cosmo Oil Sales Corp, Cosmo Petroleum Gas Co., Ltd., Cosmo Oil Lubricants Co., Ltd., Sogo Energy Co., Ltd., etc.
Petrochemical business	Cosmo Matsuyama Oil Co., Ltd., CM Aromatics Co., Ltd., Maruzen Petrochemical Co., Ltd. (owned by the Cosmo Oil Group on the equity method), Hyundai Cosmo Petrochemical Co., Ltd. (owned by the Cosmo Oil Group on the equity method)
Oil E & P business	Cosmo Energy Exploration & Production Co., Ltd., Abu Dhabi Oil Co., Ltd., Qatar Petroleum Development Co., Ltd., United Petroleum Development Co., Ltd. etc. (owned by the Cosmo Oli Group on the equity method), etc.
Other business	Cosmo Engineering Co.,Ltd., Cosmo Trade & Services Co., Ltd.,EcoPower Co.,Ltd, etc.

[1]	Workforce size (Number of employees)								
		FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	2Q FY2014
	Cosmo Oil alone	1,957	2,064	2,180	2,135	2,025	1,899	1,837	1,686
	Cosmo Oil Group	3,299	3,269	3,325	3,268	3,098	2,840	2,782	2,780

^{*} Data as of the end of March of eac

^{*} Group headcounts combine those of non-consolidated Cosmo Oil (up until FY2008), while combining those of non-consolidated Cosmo Oil, with those transferred, probationary employees and with senior employees (in FY2009 onwards).

[2]	Number of oil s	torage depots	(DTs)						
		FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	2Q FY2014
	No. of DTs	38	38	36	35	35	35	35	36

[3]	Number of SSs by Operator Type									
		FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	2Q FY2014	
S	Subsidiary	1,104	1,023	1,025	967	939	914	899	892	
D	Dealers	3,021	2,890	2,743	2,642	2,559	2,411	2,329	2,303	
T	Γotal	4,125	3,913	3,768	3,609	3,498	3,325	3,228	3,195	
M	Mobile SSs	53	47	43	36	34	33	34	34	

1] Number of Se	If-Service SSs	out of the Tot	al Number of S	SSs Mentioned	[3] above.			
	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	2Q FY2014
Subsidiary	507	551	575	548	570	550	550	551
Dealers	360	404	429	455	437	449	461	473
Total	867	955	1,004	1,003	1,007	999	1,011	1,024
Share of Self- Service SSs	21.0%	24.4%	26.6%	27.8%	28.8%	30.0%	31.3%	32.1%

[5]	Cosmo The C	ard-Number of	cards issued	(including the	number of Op	ous cards in fo	rce)		(Unit: million cards)
		FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	2Q FY2014
	No. of cards in force	3.05	3.35	3.57	3.67	3.81	3.97	4.12	4.18

[6]	Cosmo B-cle Lease - Number of contracted vehicles								
		FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	2Q FY2014
	Number of contracted vehicles	-	-	-	-	1,287	5,003	11,476	14,128

Full-Year FY2014 Outlook - Changes from FY 2013

* Announced on 13th May

Unit: billion yen

	Net Sales		Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Ordinary Income (excluding impact of inventory valuation , cost or market method)	
		Changes from FY2013		Changes from FY2013		Changes from FY2013		Changes from FY2013
Petroleum business	3,368.0	-95.7	11.5	29.4	3.0	28.3	3.0	44.4
Petrochemical business	77.0	25.4	-1.0	-2.1	0.5	-3.2	0.5	-3.2
Oil E&P business	100.0	11.3	50.5	-1.5	51.0	-7.1	51.0	-7.1
Other business	75.0	-4.4	4.0	-0.6	5.0	-0.5	5.0	-0.5
Adjustment	-155.0	-9.4	-3.0	-2.9	-2.5	-2.3	-2.5	-2.3
Total	3,465.0	-72.8	62.0	22.3	57.0	15.2	57.0	31.3

Revised Assumption of Crude Oil Price and Exchange Rate, and Business Sensitivity thereto

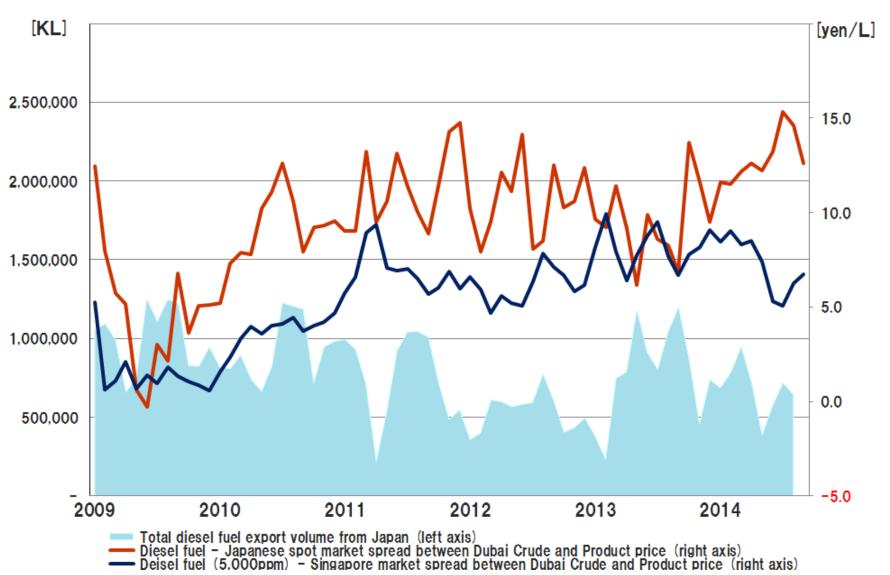
* Revised as of 6th Nov.

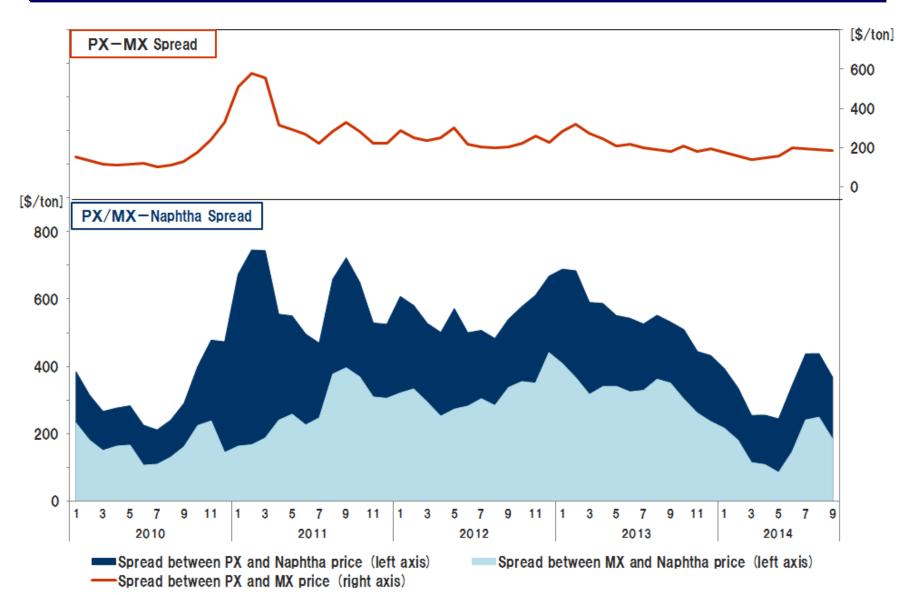
	Dresendiation (OII)	Sensitivity			
	Precondiction (2H)	Petroleum Business	Oil E & P Business		
Crude oil	95.0 USD/BBL	+ 2.0 billion yen	+ 0.3 billion yen		
JPY/USD exchange rate	106.0 yen/USD	+ 1.8 billion yen	+ 0.3 billion yen		

^{*} Figures above refer to impacts by crude oil price and yen-dollar exchange fluctuations on inventory valuation gains, in-house fuel costs and timing difference (by taking no impact by the cost or market method into consideration).

^{*} A six-month period of Oct. 2014 to Mar. 2015 adopted for sensitivity figure estimation for the petroleum business segment, and a three-month period of Oct. 2014 to Dec. 2014, for the oil exploration and production business.









Petroleum business:

Agreement Concluded on Integration of LP Gas Import and Wholesale Operations

Press release :as of August 5,2014

✓ Purpose of business integration

The LP gas import and wholesale operations (LP gas import/procurement, shipping terminal operation, logistics, and domestic wholesaling) and overseas trading operations of the four corporate groups(*) will be consolidated into an integrated structure to create one of Japan's top-class LP gas import and wholesale companies.

✓ Business integration method

The four corporate groups will carry out absorption-type spin-offs of their LP gas import and wholesale operations and integrate these operations, with Cosmo Petroleum Gas Co., Ltd. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cosmo) as the receiving company. Cosmo, Showa Shell, Sumitomo Corporation, and Tonen General will each acquire a 25% stake in the integrated import and wholesale company.

✓ Integration deadline (effective date) : April 1, 2015

^{*)} Cosmo Oil Company, Limited/Showa Shell Sekiyu K.K. / Sumitomo Corporation, / Tonen General Sekiyu K.K.

	Profile of integrated import and wholesale company (tentative)			
Description of business	Manufacture, storage, transport, sale and import/export of LP gas			
Capital	11 billion yen			
Settlement period	December			
Shareholders and ownership	Cosmo (25%), Showa Shell (25%)			
Shareholders and ownership	Sumitomo Corporation (25%), TonenGeneral (25%)			
Sales revenue	Approx. 400 billion yen			
Domestic sales volume	Approx. 3.6 million tons			
Import volume	Approx. 3 million tons			
Overseas trading volume	Approx. 1 million tons			
	Seven LP gas import terminals (Kashima, Chiba, Kawasaki, Hekinan (in Aichi			
Principal offices	Prefecture), Yokkaichi, Sakai, Oita)			
	Four LP gas secondary terminals(Shimizu, Sakaide, Matsuyama, Hiroshima)			
	Yokkaichi LPG Terminal Co., Ltd.			
Principal subsidiaries and	Kashima LPG Joint Stockpiling Co., Ltd.			
affiliates	Oita LPG Joint Stockpiling Co., Ltd.			
	Hiroshima LPG Terminal Co., Ltd.			



Press release :as of August 5,2014

- ✓ Purpose of business integration
- •

The three corporate groups(*) will consolidate the know-how, personnel, and assets of their LP gas retail operations to establish and continually develop a solid business foundation for LP gas retail operations.

✓ Business integration method

:

This integration will be carried out through exchanges of shares that will make Enessance a wholly owning parent company and Tohoku Cosmo a wholly owned subsidiary company. Enessance's shares will be held by Showa Shell (47.7%), Sumitomo Corporation (45.9%), and Cosmo (6.4%).

- •Prior to the share exchange, Tohoku Cosmo will succeed to the rights and obligations of Sogo Energy's LP gas retail operations via an absorption-type company split.
- ✓ Integration deadline (effective date)
- : April 1, 2015
- *) Cosmo Oil Company, Limited/Showa Shell Sekiyu K.K. / Sumitomo Corporation

	Profile of integrated retail company (tentative)
Description of business	LP gas retail operations
Capital	115.8 million yen
Settlement period	December
Shareholders and ownership	Showa Shell (47.7%), Sumitomo Corporation (45.9%), and
Shareholders and ownership	Cosmo (6.4%)
Sales revenue	Approx. 63 billion yen
Sales volume	Approx. 220,000 tons
Number of households supplied	Approx. 250,000
Number of employees	Approx. 1,500
Subsidiaries for local retailing	Hokkaido, Tohoku, Niigata, Kanto, Chubu, Kyushu



Disclaimer FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made and information contained herein constitute "forward-looking information" (within the meaning of applicable Japanese securities legislation). Such statements and information (together, "forward looking statements") relate to future events or the Company's future performance, business prospects or opportunities. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to estimates of reserves and or resources, future production levels, future capital expenditures and their allocation to exploration and development activities, future drilling and other exploration and development activities, ultimate recovery of reserves or resources and dates by which certain areas will be explored, developed or reach expected operating capacity, that are based on forecasts of future results, estimates of amounts not yet determinable and assumptions of management.

All statements other than statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements. Statements concerning proven and probable reserves and resource estimates may also be deemed to constitute forward-looking statements and reflect conclusions that are based on certain assumptions that the reserves and resources can be economically exploited. Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, using words or phrases such as "seek", "anticipate", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect, "may", "will", "project", "predict", "potential", "targeting", "intend", "could", "might", "should", "believe" and similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Company believes that the expectations reflected in those forward-looking statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements should not be unduly relied upon. The Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward looking statements, except as required by applicable laws. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties relating to, among other things, changes in oil prices, results of exploration and development activities, uninsured risks, regulatory changes, defects in title, availability of materials and equipment, timeliness of government or other regulatory approvals, actual performance of facilities, availability of financing on reasonable terms, availability of third party service providers, equipment and processes relative to specifications and expectations and unanticipated environmental impacts on operations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.