# Sakai Oil Refinery

Address: 3-16 Chikko-Shinmachi, Sakai-shi,

Osaka-fu

Start of operations: October 1968

Area: 1,254,602 m<sup>2</sup> Employees: 237

Crude oil processing capacity: 110,000

barrels/day\* (as of March, 2001)



\*80,000 barrels/day from April, 2001

## Regulated materials

	Material	Regulation	Regulation contents	Regulation value	Actual results		
	Material	Regulation	Regulation Contents	Regulation value	Maximum	Average	
Air related	NOx (m³ <sub>N</sub> /hour)	Municipal reporting guideline	Total volume regulation	52.9	17.1	9.9	
	SOx (m <sup>3</sup> <sub>N</sub> /hour)	Municipal reporting guideline	Total volume regulation	45.6	0.9	0.5	
	Dust (boiler) (g/m <sup>3</sup> <sub>N</sub> )	Air Pollution Control Law	Concentration regulation	າ 0.05	Below lower me	v lower measurement limit	

Water related	Material	Regulation	Regulation contents	Dogulation value	Actual results	
		Regulation	Regulation contents	Regulation value	Maximum	n Average
	COD (kg/day)	Water Pollution Control Law	Total volume regulation	186.8	85.6	51.8
	(mg/L)	Prefectural regulation	Concentration regulation	n 15 (10)	9.9	7.1
	SS (mg/L)	Prefectural regulation	Concentration regulation	1 40 (30)	6.0 Bel	ow lower measurement limit
	Oil content (mg/L)	Prefectural regulation	Concentration regulation	າ 2	Below lowe	r measurement limit
	Nitrogen (mg/L)	Prefectural directive	Concentration regulation	າ 35	6.0	3.0
	Phosphorus (mg/L)	Prefectural directive	Concentration regulation	າ 1.5	0.58	0.19
	Phenol (mg/L)	Prefectural regulation	Concentration regulation	n 2	Below lowe	r measurement limit

Figures in parentheses = daily average

### **Environmental performance**

	Volume used/volume discharged	Basic unit
Energy	243,005( crude oil kL/year )	9.19( crude oil kL/1,000kL )
CO <sub>2</sub>	680,666( CO2 tons/year )	25.75( CO <sub>2</sub> kg/kL )
SOx	12(tons/year)	0.45( g/kL )
NOx	177( tons/year )	6.70( g/kL )
COD	19( tons/year )	0.71(g/kL)

Quantity of industrial waste generated	4,585 (tons/year)
Quantity of industrial waste recycled	1,003 (tons/year)
Quantity of industrial waste disposed	509 (tons/year)
PRTR (atmospheric release) benzene	1.3 (tons/year)
PRTR (atmospheric release) toluene	2.0 (tons/year)
PRTR (atmospheric release) xylene	0.8 (tons/year)
PRTR (atmospheric release) ethyl benzene	0.2 (tons/year)
PRTR (recycling) volume of industrial waste recycled	19.3 (tons/year)

### **Environmental accounting**

Lift in Chinichtal accounting								
	Environmental protection cost		ection cost		Environmental protection effect			
Itom	Cost Investment acquisition costs		Fiscal-year-end	Item	Reduction of environmental impact			
Item			acquisition	item	Decrease of environmental impact	Concentration/ basic unit		
0 Product environmental				0 Effectiveness of reduction of product				
impact reduction costs	5,842	302	20,972	environmental impact				
Heavy fuel oil sulfur reduction	1,441	101	1,174	Product sulfur reduction	(Latent SOx, tons)	(Sulfur content, %)		
Diesel fuel sulfur reduction	1,066	10	3,137	Gasoline	136	0.0080		
Removal of lead from gasoline	3,187	191	15,808	Kerosene	43	0.0059		
				Diesel fuel	1,943	0.1585		
					(kL)	(%)		
Benzene reduction in gasoline	148		853	Benzene reduction in gasoline	52,701	4.5174		
1 Business area costs	3,060	33	6,231	1 Effect within business area	(t)	(g/kL)		
				SOx emissions	1	0.08		
				NOx emissions	26	0.23		
				Benzene emissions	0.1	0.00		
				COD displacement	0.3	0.06		
Pollution prevention costs	769	26	3,509					
Global environmental					(1,000 tons CO <sub>2</sub> )	(kg-CO <sub>2</sub> /kL)		
protection costs	2,264	7	2,572	CO2 emissions	77.38	0.12		
					(t)			
Resource recycling costs	27		150	Industrial waste generated	1,024			
				Reused industrial waste	122			
2 Upstream/downstream costs				Industrial waste disposed	123			
3 Administration activity costs	9							
4 Research and development costs								

### Economic Effect (million yen)

5 Social activity costs Total

Savings through energy reductions (savings through cogeneration)
Saving through catalyst recycling (reduction of waste management cost)